TREK

CCSDS FILE DELIVERY PROTOCOL (CFDP) CONSOLE

USER GUIDE



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1 Welcome

The Telescience Resource Kit (TReK) is a suite of software applications and libraries that can be used to monitor and control assets in space or on the ground.

The TReK CFDP console application provides the capability to transfer files using the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) File Delivery Protocol (CFDP).

1.1 Getting Started

Start with the Introduction which provides an application overview. Next, try the Quick Start Guides for "How Tos" for common functions. For help with details, reference the Details section. See the FAQ and Troubleshooting section for helpful hints and solutions to the common "gotchas".

2 Technical Support

If you are having trouble installing the TReK software or using any of the TReK software, please contact us for technical assistance:

TReK Help Desk E-Mail, Phone & Fax:

E-Mail: trek.help@nasa.gov

Telephone: 256-544-3521 (8:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m. Central Time)

Fax: 256-544-9353

If you call the TReK Help Desk and you get a recording please leave a message and someone will return your call. E-mail is the preferred contact method for help. The e-mail message is automatically forwarded to the TReK developers and helps cut the response time. The HOSC Help Desk (256-544-5066) can provide assistance as needed and is available 24x7.

3 Introduction

The TReK CFDP console application provides the capability to transfer files using the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) File Delivery Protocol (CFDP). The application uses the TReK CFDP library to provide CFDP functionality through a menu of console application command line primitives.

The CCSDS File Delivery Protocol (CFDP) was developed by the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS). Official specifications are contained in a CCSDS document called the CFDP Blue Book (available at www.ccsds.org). The CFDP protocol provides reliable transfer of files from one computer (entity) to another, and has

been designed to work well over space links. It can be used to perform space to ground, ground to space, and ground to ground file transfers.

CFDP requires a sender and a receiver. The sender and receiver must be configured and running at the same time to perform a file transfer. Each party is referred to as an "Entity". The sender is an entity and the receiver is an entity. Each "Entity" must have a unique Entity ID. For example:



Figure 1 CFDP Sender and Receiver

To move a file from one computer to another, you will enter one or more CFDP Commands (primitives) to indicate the action to be taken. The syntax of a primitive is as follows:

[CFDP Directive] [Transmission] [source-path] [remote-EID] [destination-path]

The TReK CFDP console application provides support for CFDP over User Datagram Protocol (UDP) and CFDP over Bundle Protocol (BP) using the Jet Propulsion Lab (JPL) Interplanetary Overlay Network (ION) Disruption Tolerant Networking (DTN) software. The CFDP over UDP configuration option is referred to as Native CFDP. The CFDP over BP configuration option is referred to as ION CFDP. In the Native CFDP configuration, the application uses UDP sockets and a Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC) CFDP library that performs the CFDP work. In the ION CDFP configuration, the TReK CFDP console application communicates with the ION software which performs the CFDP work.

There are differences in capabilities and syntax between the CFDP Native mode and the ION CFDP mode. These differences are summarized below.

Native CFDP Configuration

The syntax of a primitive is as follows:

[CFDP Directive] [Transmission] [source-path] [remote-EID] [destination-path]

Native CFDP Example: put class2 "D:\file1.txt" 2 "/home/kirk/file1.txt"

The TReK CFDP application currently supports multiple CFDP Directives for both Native and ION CFDP modes. These are defined in the Table 2 CFDP Directives.

Valid Transmission values are class1 or class2. Class1 does not guarantee reliable delivery of the file to the destination. Class2 does ensure reliable delivery.

The file you want to transfer is considered the "Source" and the location it should be transferred to is considered the "Destination".

When entering a Source or Destination in a CFDP command line, it must be encapsulated in double quotes.

ION CFDP Configuration

The syntax of a primitive is as follows:

[CFDP Directive] [Transmission] [source-path] [remote-EID] [destination-path]

ION CFDP Example: put //// "D:\file1.txt" 2 "/home/kirk/file1.txt"

The TReK CFDP application currently supports multiple CFDP Directives for both Native and ION CFDP modes. These are defined in the Table 2 CFDP Directives.

The Transmission entry for ION CFDP is composed of five properties. Once these properties are configured, a "////" string is used to indicate that the pre-configured values should be used. The "////" nomenclature is shorthand notation for the following combination of values:

Lifespan/Bundle Protocol Class of Service/Expedited Priority Ordinal/Transmission Mode/Criticality

When the values are empty it indicates that pre-configured values should be used for these properties.

A summary of the Transmission properties is provided in the following table. For details, please reference section 5.1 Table 4.

| Property | Description |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Lifespan | The lifespan is the bundle's "time to live" (TTL) in |
| | seconds. The bundle is destroyed if its TTL has |
| | expired and it has not reached its destination. |
| Bundle Protocol Class of Service | The Bundle Protocol Class of Service defines the |
| | transmission priority of outbound bundles from three |
| | ION priority queues corresponding to bulk, standard, |
| | and expedited priorities. The expedited priority |
| | queue must be empty before bundles in the standard |
| | or bulk queues are serviced by ION. Therefore, |
| | bundles with expedited priority should only be sent in |
| | critical/emergency situations. |
| Expedited Priority Ordinal | The expedited priority ordinal is only associated with |
| | the expedited priority class of service. |
| Transmission Mode | The transmission mode defines the reliability of |
| | bundle delivery to a destination. The three |

| | transmission modes supported are best effort, assured, and assured with custody transfer. |
|-------------|--|
| Criticality | A critical bundle is one that has to reach its destination as soon as is physically possible. For this reason, bundles flagged as critical may not include custody transfer and require an ION configuration with contact graph routing. In some cases, a critical bundle may be sent over multiple routes to ensure delivery to its final destination. Critical bundles are placed in the expedited priority queue and should only be used in emergency situations. |

Table 1 ION CFDP Transmission Parameters

CFDP Directives

The TReK CFDP console application currently supports multiple CFDP directives for both Native and ION CFDP mode and includes put and get directives, filestore directives and message directives. These directives are defined in the following table:

| Directive | Description |
|----------------|---|
| append_file | append a file at the remote entity to another file at the remote |
| | entity. |
| bit_rate | changes the aggregate file transfer bit rate, in real time, for local or |
| | remote entities hosting a TReK implementation of Native CFDP. |
| | The "affected EID" may be the local entity ID or a remote entity |
| | ID. The "bit_rate" primitive is delivered to a remote entity in the |
| | form of a TReK CFDP message. |
| close_rec_file | send a directive to a TReK Record library to close one or all open |
| | record files. If the record file name is not included in the |
| | primitive, all open record files associated with the TReK Record |
| | library are closed. The TReK Record library automatically opens |
| | a new record file after it closes a current record file. The "affected |
| | EID" may be the local entity ID or a remote entity ID. The |
| | "close_rec_file" directive is delivered to a remote entity in the |
| | form of a TReK CFDP message. |
| create_dir | create a directory at the remote entity. |
| create_file | create an empty file at the remote entity. |
| delete_file | delete a file at the remote entity. |
| deny_dir | delete a directory at the remote entity. (Like <i>remove_dir</i> , but does |
| | not fail if the directory does not exist. Directory must be empty.) |
| deny_file | delete a file at the remote entity. (Like <i>delete_file</i> , but does not |
| | fail if the file does not exist) |
| get | copy file(s) from the remote entity to the local entity. (File cannot |
| | be empty.) |
| message | send a text string to the remote entity. |
| put | copy file(s) from the local entity to the remote entity. (File cannot |

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| | be empty.) |
|---|--|
| remove_dir delete a directory at the remote entity. (Directory must be en | |
| rename_file | rename a file at the remote entity. |
| replace_file | replace a file (contents) at the remote entity with another file |
| | (contents) at the remote entity. |

Table 2 CFDP Directives

Some directives only require a Source. The following table describes what is required for Source and Destination for each directive. Name of file, filename, and name of directory refer to an absolute path.

| Directive | Source (first file) | Destination (second file) |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| append_file | name of file whose contents | name of file whose contents will form |
| | form first part of new file and | second part of new file |
| | name of the new file | |
| bit_rate | aggregate file transfer bit rate | |
| close_rec_file | name of the TReK record | name of the TReK record file to close |
| | library device | (if not included all record files |
| | | associated with the record device are |
| | | closed) |
| create_dir | name of directory to be created | |
| create_file | filename to be created | |
| delete_file | filename to be deleted | |
| deny_dir | name of directory to be deleted | |
| deny_file | filename to be deleted | |
| get | file or directory name of file(s) | file or directory name for file(s) |
| | to retrieve | retrieved |
| message | message | |
| put | file or directory name of file(s) | file or directory name for file(s) sent |
| | to send | · |
| remove_dir | name of directory to be deleted | |
| rename_file | old filename | new filename |
| replace_file | filename whose contents are to | filename whose contents will replace |
| | be replaced | the contents of the first filename |

Table 3 CFDP Directive Format

When entering a Source or Destination in a CFDP command line, it must be encapsulated in double quotes.

Note: The Get directive is not supported in all ISS CFDP Native and ION implementations. Filestore and message directives are not supported in all ISS CFDP Native implementations. They are supported by TReK when both the sender and receiver are TReK CFDP implementations (TReK CFDP application, TReK CFDP console application, or TReK CFDP Library). In addition, the bit rate and close rec file directives are not part of the CFDP Blue Book. The bit rate directive is only supported

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by the TReK CFDP implementation of Native CFDP. The close rec file directive is only supported the by the TReK CFDP implementation of Native and ION CFDP in conjunction with the TReK Record library.

TReK also provides the ability to create CFDP dropboxes to push files to a remote destination. The dropboxes support both Native and ION CFDP modes. Dropboxes are created when the TReK application's TReK CFDP library reads and processes the TReK CFDP configuration file. A TReK CFDP configuration file "dropbox" primitive defines a dropbox's operation parameters including where the dropbox is located and the destination of each file placed in the dropbox. A dropbox file is transferred to the dropbox destination immediately after the file is copied to the dropbox. Pre-existing dropbox files are immediately transferred after the creation of the dropbox.

TReK includes a CFDP Graphical User Interface (GUI) application and a CFDP library. If you need command line CFDP functionality onboard a spacecraft consider using the TReK CFDP console application. Source code for the console application is provided in the TReK example directory. If you need CFDP functionality without a command line interface, the CFDP destination application may meet your requirements. The source code for the CFDP destination application is also found in the TReK example directory. If you need CFDP functionality on the ground consider using the TReK CFDP GUI application. If you need to include CFDP functionality in your own application, consider using the TReK CFDP library.

4 Overview of the User Interface

4.1 Console Menu

The CFDP console application command primitives are described below.

> To put a file on another platform:

Native CFDP Configuration

put <class1,class2> <"source pathname"> <destination entity id> <"destination pathname"> (e.g., put class2 "/home/user/fileA.txt" 2 "/home/user/fileB.txt")

ION CFDP Configuration

put e.g., put 86400/STD_PRIORITY/0/ASSURED/NOT_CRITICAL "D:/test a" 100 "D:/test b")

Executes a single "put" transaction by transferring a copy of a file from the local platform to the destination platform.

> To put a directory of files on another platform:

Native CFDP Configuration

put <class1,class2> <"source pathname"> <destination entity id> <"destination pathname"> (e.g., put class2 "/home/user/" 2 "D:/")

ION CFDP Configuration

```
put e.g., put 86400/STD_PRIORITY/// "/home/user/" 100 "D:/")
```

Executes a "put" transaction for all the files in the specified directory by transferring copies of the files from the local platform to the destination platform.

> To get a file from another platform:

Native CFDP Configuration

get <class1,class2> <"source pathname"> <source entity id> <"destination pathname"> (e.g., get class2 "/home/user/fileB.txt" 2 "D:/fileA.txt")

ION CFDP Configuration

```
get get eg., get ///ASSURED / "D:/test a" 100 "D:/test b") <src EID> <"dest path">
```

Executes a single "get" transaction by transferring a copy of a file from the remote platform to the local platform.

> To get a directory of files from another platform:

Native CFDP Configuration

```
get <class1,class2> <"source pathname" > < source entity id> <"destination pathname "> (e.g., get class2 "D:/" 2 "/home/user/")
```

ION CFDP Configuration

```
get fe>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"src path"> <src EID> <"dest path"> (e.g., get //// "/home/user/" 100 "D:/")
```

Executes a "get" transaction for all the files in the specified directory by transferring copies of the files from the remote platform to the local platform.

> To execute a filestore directive:

Native CFDP Configuration

```
<action> <class1,class2> <"1st path" > < dest EID > (e.g., create_file class2 "D:/test a" 2)
```

Or

```
<action> <class1,class2> <"1st path" > < dest EID ><"2<sup>nd</sup> path"> (e.g., rename file class2 "D:/test a" 2 "D:/test b")
```

ION CFDP Configuration

```
<action> eaction> eacti
```

```
(e.g., create_file //// "D:/test a" 100)
```

Or

<action> fe>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"1st path"> <dest EID> <"2nd path"> (e.g., rename_file / "D:/test a" 100 "D:/test b")

Executes a filestore directive on remote platform. For a complete listing of the filestore directives see Section 3 Table 2.

> To send a message to a remote platform:

Native CFDP Configuration

```
message <class1,class2> <"message" > < dest EID > (e.g., message class2 "Hello world" 2)
```

ION CFDP Configuration

```
message <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"message"> <dest EID> (e.g., message / "Hello world" 100)
```

Sends a message to a remote platform.

➤ To change the aggregate file transfer bit rate:

Native CFDP Configuration

```
bit_rate <class1,class2> <aggregate file transfer bit rate > < affected EID > (e.g., bit_rate class2 5000000 2)
```

Changes the aggregate file transfer bit rate, in real time, for local or remote entities hosting a TReK implementation of Native CFDP. The "affected EID" may be the local entity ID or a remote entity ID. The "bit_rate" directive is delivered to a remote entity in the form of a TReK CFDP message.

➤ To close a TReK record file:

Native CFDP Configuration

```
close_rec_file <class1,class2> <"rec lib dev name" > < affected EID > (e.g., close_rec_file class2 "record device1" 2)
```

Or

close_rec_file <class1,class2> <"rec lib dev name" > < affected EID > <"rec file name"> (e.g., close_rec_file class2 "record device1" 2 " record file1")

ION CFDP Configuration

```
close_rec_file <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"rec lib dev name" > < EID > (e.g., close_rec_file //// "record_device1" 2)
```

Or

```
close_rec_file <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"rec lib dev name" > < EID > <"rec file name"> (e.g., close_rec_file / "record_device1" 2 " record_file1")
```

Send a directive to a TReK Record library to close one or all open record files. If the record file name is not included in the primitive, all open record files associated with the TReK Record library are closed. The TReK Record library automatically opens a new record file after it closes a current record file. The "affected EID" may be the local entity ID or a remote entity ID. The "close_rec_file" directive is delivered to a remote entity in the form of a TReK CFDP message. The "close_rec_file" directive is not part of the CCSDS CFDP Blue Book and will only succeed if both sides of the transaction are hosting the TReK CFDP library.

> To add a put primitive to a list:

Native CFDP Configuration

add put <class1 or 2> <"source pathname"> <destination EID> <"destination pathname"> (e.g., add put class2" /home/user/fileA.txt" 2 "D:/fileB.txt")

ION CFDP Configuration

add put e.g., add put 86400/STD_PRIORITY/0/ASSURED/NOT_CRITICAL "D:/test a" 100 "D:/test b")

Adds a "put" primitive to a list of "put" primitives. The "put" primitives are not executed until a "send" command is executed.

> To add a get primitive to a list:

Native CFDP Configuration

add get <class1 or 2> <"source pathname"> < source EID ><"destination pathname"> (e.g., add get class2 "/home/user/fileA.txt" 2 "/home/user/fileB.txt")

ION CFDP Configuration

add get e.g., add get //// "D:/test a" 100 "D:/test b") <src EID> <"dest path"> <src EID> <"dest path"> <

Adds a "get" primitive to a list of "get" primitives. The "get" primitives are not executed until a "send" command is executed.

> To add a filestore primitive to a list:

Native CFDP Configuration

add <action> <class1,class2> <"1st path" > < dest EID > (e.g., add create_file class2 "D:/test a" 2)

ION CFDP Configuration

add <action> description <action> <

Adds a "filestore" primitive to a list of "filestore" primitives. The "filestore" primitives are not executed until a "send" command is executed.

To add a message primitive to a list:

Native CFDP Configuration

add message <class1,class2> <"message" > < dest EID > (e.g., add message class2 "Hello world" 2)

ION CFDP Configuration

add message <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"message"> <dest EID> (e.g., add message / "Hello world" 100)

Adds a "message" primitive to a list of "message" primitives. The "message" primitives are not executed until a "send" command is executed.

> To add a bit rate primitive to a list:

Native CFDP Configuration

add bit_rate <class1,class2> <aggregate file transfer bit rate > < affected EID > (e.g., add bit rate class2 5000000 2)

Adds a "bit rate" primitive to a list of "message" primitives. The "message" primitives are not executed until a "send" command is executed.

To add a close rec file primitive to a list:

Native CFDP Configuration

add close_rec_file <class1,class2> <"rec lib dev name" > < affected EID > (e.g., add close_rec_file class2 "record_device1" 2)

ION CFDP Configuration

add close_rec_file file cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"rec lib dev name" > < EID > (e.g., add close_rec_file //// "record_device1" 2)

Adds a "close rec file" primitive to a list of "filestore" primitives. The "filestore" primitives are not executed until a "send" command is executed

> To read a file of primitives and add to a list:

```
process <"primitive pathname">
(e.g., process "D:/toolkit_cfdp_primitives.txt")
```

Reads a file of primitives and adds them to the appropriate CFDP primitive lists. All valid primitive files must begin with the text string "primitive version X NATIVE_CFDP" or "primitive_version X ION_CFDP" on a single line (the "X" in the text is a version number that may be incremented in future releases). Files that do not contain the primitive version text string are considered invalid and will not be read. You may not mix Native CFDP primitives and ION CFDP primitives in the same primitive file.

> To remove all primitives from a list:

remove

Removes all the primitives from the primitive lists.

To send/execute all primitives in a list:

send

Executes all the primitives from the primitive lists.

> To record all primitives in a list:

```
record prim <"pathname">
(e.g., record prim "D:/cfdp_prim.txt")
```

Records the primitives from the primitive lists to a file.

> To suspend all CFDP transactions:

```
windows os: ctrl-break or ctrl-fn-pause or ctrl-fn-right shift linux os: ctrl-c
```

Suspends all the CFDP transactions.

> To resume all CFDP transactions:

resume

Resumes all the CFDP transactions.

> To cancel a CFDP transaction:

```
cancel <transaction id> (e.g., cancel 1_1)
```

Cancels a CFDP transaction by specifying the transaction ID assigned to the transaction.

> To cancel all CFDP transactions:

cancel all

Cancels all the CFDP transactions.

> To report on a CFDP transaction:

```
report <transaction id> (e.g., report 1_1)
```

Displays a status report on CFDP transaction by specifying the ID assigned to the transaction.

➤ To report on all CFDP transactions:

```
report all
or
r
```

Displays a status report on all the CFDP transactions.

> To display progress messages:

prog

Display progress messages on all the CFDP transactions.

> To stop displaying progress messages:

```
stop prog
```

To stop displaying progress messages on all the CFDP transactions.

➤ To log messages:

```
log <"pathname"> <log debug messages (true or false)> (e.g., log "D:/log.txt" false)
```

Logs CFDP transaction messages to a file. Debug messages may also be included in the log file for more detailed information about the transaction.

> To stop logging messages:

```
stop log
```

Stops logging CFDP transaction messages to file, closes the file and prepends a GMT time stamp to the name of the file.

> To record statistics snapshot:

```
stat <"pathname">
(e.g., stat "D:/statistics.csv")
```

Records a snapshot of device statistics once a second and includes current statistics information on all packets that are being received or sent by the device.

> To stop recording statistics snapshot:

```
stop stat
```

Stops recording a snapshot of device statistics to a file, closes the file and prepends a GMT time stamp the name of the file.

> To reset statistics:

reset stat

Resets the device statistics information for all devices to zero.

> To record CFDP metrics snapshot:

```
metric <"pathname">
(e.g., metric "D:/metrics.csv")
```

Records a snapshot of CFDP transaction metrics once a second and includes the completion status and transaction time of each CFDP transaction.

> To stop recording CFDP metrics snapshot:

stop metric

Stops recording a snapshot of CFDP transaction metrics to a file, closes the file and prepends a GMT time stamp to the name of the file.

> To reset CFDP metrics:

reset metric

Resets all CFDP metrics information to zero.

> To reconfigure the CFDP console application:

```
reconfig <"pathname">
(e.g., reconfig "D:/cfdp_config.txt")
```

Reconfigures the CFDP console application by cancelling all the current CFDP transactions and configuring the application with the new configuration file.

> To save the CFDP console configuration:

```
save <"pathname">
(e.g., save "D:/cfdp_config.txt")
```

Saves the CFDP console configuration parameters to a file. This includes all "put" and "get" primitives in the "put" and "get" lists.

> To display the CFDP console configuration:

display config

Displays the list of CFDP console configuration parameters.

> To display the CFDP console command primitives:

help

Displays the list of CFDP console command primitives.

> To exit application:

```
exit or quit or q
```

Exits the CFDP console application.

5 Quick Start Guides

This section provides "How Tos" for common functions.

5.1 How to Configure the Application

When launching the CFDP console application, include the path and filename of a TReK CFDP configuration file. If no path and filename are provided in the command line, the application attempts to open a configuration file with the default path and filename equal to "./toolkit_cfdp_config.txt". The format of a configuration file is a series of name value pairs that configure the CFDP console application to meet user requirements. One or more spaces separate individual parameters on each line in the file. Table 4 identifies and describes the individual configuration file parameters. The third column identifies the device mode that each parameter supports (the CFDP console application does not simultaneously support both Native CFDP and ION CFDP).

| CFDP Configuration File Parameter | Description | Device Mode |
|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| CFDP_configuration_version | The configuration file version number. The first parameter in the configuration file must be the version number or TReK CFDP initialization will fail. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| cfdp_library_device_mode | A unique reference that may be used to communicate with other TReK library devices. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| trek_device_mode | The TReK device mode parameter is set to NATIVE_CFDP if the TReK CFDP library is communicating with GSFC's CFDP library or to ION_CFDP if TReK is communicating with JPL's CFDP library. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| log_messages_in_file | The log messages in file boolean controls message logging. If true, messages are recorded in a log file. The default value is false. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| log_debug_messages | The log debug messages boolean controls logging debug messages. If true, debug messages are recorded in a log file. The default value is false. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| log_file_path | The log file path is the absolute path to the directory where the log file should be written. If an empty string is provided, the default path is the user's home directory. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| log_file_name | The log file name is the name to use for the log file. The default value "toolkit_cfdp_log.txt". | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| record_stat_snapshot_in_file | The record stat snapshot in file boolean controls recording statistics. If "true", a statistic snapshot is recorded in a file. The default value is false. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| record_packet_statistics | The record packet statistics boolean controls recording packet statistics in addition to device statistics. If "true", packet statistics are | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |

| | recorded in a file. The default value is false. | |
|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| record_stat_file_path | The record stat file path is the absolute path to the directory where the statistics file should be recorded. If an empty string is provided, the default path is the user's home directory. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| record_stat_file_name | The record stat file name is the name to use for the statistics file. The default value is "toolkit_cfdp_statistics.csv". | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| record_cfdp_metrics_snapshot_in_file | The record CFDP metrics snapshot in file boolean controls recording CFDP metrics. If "true", a CFDP metric snapshot is recorded in a file. The default value is false. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| record_cfdp_metrics_file_path | The record CFDP metrics file path is the absolute path to the directory where the CFDP metrics file should be recorded. If an empty string is provided, the default path is the user's home directory. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| record_cfdp_metrics_file_name | The record CFDP metrics file name is the name to use for the CFDP metrics file. The default value is "toolkit_cfdp_metrics.csv". | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| support_cfdp_status_requests | The support cfdp status requests boolean enables monitoring the status of CFDP transactions by a user application. If "true", CFDP transaction monitoring is enabled. The default value is false. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| Primitives | Creates and configures TReK dropboxes using "dropbox" primitives and/or initializes the list of CFDP primitives using TReK CFDP primitives (e.g., "put", "get", "message", "create_file", "delete_file"). An additional CFDP library function (SendAllRequests) must be called prior to processing the list of CFDP primitives. The default primitive list is empty. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| ack_timeout | The CFDP library sends positive acknowledgment on reception of the end-of-file packet and finished packet. This timeout defines the number of seconds the CFDP library will wait for the ACK packet to arrive prior to retransmitting the end-of-file or finished packet. Minimum value is 1, maximum value is 2,147,483,647 and the default value is 25 seconds. | NATIVE_CFDP |
| ack_limit | The ACK limit is the number of ack timeouts that may occur prior to cancelling the CFDP transaction. Minimum value is 1, maximum | NATIVE_CFDP |

| | value is 2,147,483,647 and the default value is 25. | |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------|
| nak_timeout | The CFDP library sends a NAK packet identifying the CFDP packets that were not received by the CFDP library. This timeout defines the number of seconds the CFDP library will wait for the retransmission of the requested CFDP packets. Minimum value is 1, maximum value is 2,147,483,647 and the default value is 75 seconds. | NATIVE_CFDP |
| nak_limit | The NAK limit is the number of Nak timeouts that may occur prior to cancelling the CFDP transaction. Minimum value is 1, maximum value is 2147483647 and the default value is 75. | NATIVE_CFDP |
| inactivity_timeout | The inactivity timeout is the length of time, in seconds, the CFDP library is required to wait between CFDP packet receptions prior to cancelling the CFDP transaction. Minimum value is 1, maximum value is 2,147,483,647 and the default value is 300 seconds. | NATIVE_CFDP |
| outgoing_file_chunk_size | The outgoing file chunk size is the maximum size, in bytes, of the data zone of the CFDP packets created by the CFDP library. Minimum value is 1, maximum value is 65,200 and the default value is 1,300 bytes. | NATIVE_CFDP |
| aggregate_file_transfer_bit_rate | The aggregate file transfer rate represents the maximum transmission rate, in bits per second, of the CFDP packets created by the CFDP library. Minimum value is 1, maximum value is 2,147,483,647 and the default value is 10,000,000 bits/second. | NATIVE_CFDP |
| socket_queue_size | The UDP socket that is created to receive CFDP packets may store CFDP packets in a queue prior to the packets being processed by the CFDP library. This queue minimizes the chances of a CFDP packet being dropped due to packet transmission bursts or a temporary CPU spike on the receiving platform. In general, a larger queue size is needed for higher transmission rates. If an unacceptable number of CFDP packet retransmissions is occurring, increasing the queue size or decreasing the file transfer rate may help decrease or eliminate the CFDP packet retransmissions. Minimum value is 0, | NATIVE_CFDP |

| | maximum value is 1,000,000 and the default value is 1000. | |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------|
| transaction_cycle_time_interval | The transaction cycle time interval, in milliseconds, controls the processing rate of CFDP library transactions. Minimizing the cycle time, increases the transaction speed or processing rate. The default value is 1 milliseconds. The minimum value is 0 millisecond and the maximum value is 2,147,483,647 milliseconds. This value should only be incremented if CPU usage on the host platform is unexpectedly high while idling or while processing a transaction. | NATIVE_CFDP |
| steps_per_transaction_cycle | The step per transaction cycle defines how many steps or transaction cycles are performed prior to delaying the prescribed transaction cycle time. Increasing the steps per transaction cycle, increases the transaction speed or processing rate. The default value is 10. The minimum value is 1 and the maximum value is 2,147,483,647 milliseconds. This value should be incremented if the CFDP library is not able to achieve the aggregate file transfer rate. This value should be decremented if CPU usage on the host platform is unexpectedly high while idling or while processing a transaction. | NATIVE_CFDP |
| class_of_service | The class of service defines the CFDP level of service for the file transfer. The two CFDP levels of service are class1 and class2. CFDP class1 service is a "send and forget" level of service that sends files without any acknowledgement of their receipt by the recipient. CFDP class2 service requires file delivery acknowledgements in the form of ACKs and NAKs from the recipient. The default value is class2. | NATIVE_CFDP |
| auto_suspend_and_resume | The auto suspend and resume boolean enables the automatic suspension or resumption of all CFDP transactions associated with a remote entity ID when a network connection to that remote entity ID has been lost or found. The TReK CFDP library creates a UPD socket that sends and receives four byte packets to confirm network connectivity. This capability may be used to detect Acquisition Of Signal | NATIVE_CFDP |

| | (AOS) and Loss Of Signal (LOS) events enabling native CFDP to successfully transfer files across multiple AOS/LOS windows without manual intervention. Auto suspend and resume is only supported by the TReK CFDP library. Therefore, the TReK CFDP library software must be running on both the local and remote nodes. The default value is false. | |
|--|--|-------------|
| auto_suspend_and_resume_mode | The auto suspend and resume mode identifies the auto suspend and resume relationship between the local node and the remote nodes. The three auto suspend and resume mode parameter values are PEER_TO_PEER_MODE, CLIENT_OR_GROUND_MODE and SERVER_OR_FLIGHT_MODE. A peer to peer configuration allows all peer to peer nodes to perform CFDP transactions with each other. A client server configuration restricts CFDP transactions. A client may only perform CFDP transactions with a server and a server may only perform CFDP transactions with a client. A client may perform CFDP transactions with multiple server nodes and a server may perform CFDP transactions with multiple client nodes. The four byte connectivity packet is always being transmitted by all nodes in a peer to peer configuration regardless of network connectivity or AOS/LOS periods. In a client/ground and server/flight configuration the connectivity packet is always being transmitted by the client/ground node but the server/flight node only transmits the connectivity packet over a confirmed network connection during AOS periods. The default value is PEER_TO_PEER_MODE. | NATIVE_CFDP |
| auto_suspend_and_resume_port | The auto suspend and resume port is used to create the UDP socket that sends and receives the four byte connectivity packet. The default port value is 45600 (minimum value 0 and maximum value 65535). | NATIVE_CFDP |
| auto_suspend_and_resume_connection_timeout | The auto suspend and resume connection timeout value is the length of time, in seconds, that must pass between the receipt of | NATIVE_CFDP |

| | | T |
|---|--|--------------|
| | connectivity packets before a connection | |
| | between two entity IDs or nodes is declared | |
| | lost. Connectivity packets are sent once every | |
| | half second. Minimum value is 1, maximum | |
| | value is 2,147,483,647 and the default value is | |
| | 5. | |
| | The pre-assigned local entity ID integer value | |
| | and its associated local IP address and local | |
| | port. Only one local EID entry is supported by | |
| local_entity_id local_ip_address local_port | the CFDP library. The default | NATIVE_CFDP |
| ioeai_entity_ia ioeai_ip_aaaress ioeai_port | local_ip_address value is 127.0.0.1. The | TWITTVE_CIDI |
| | • | |
| | default local_port value is 4560 (minimum | |
| | value 0 and maximum value 65535). | |
| | The pre-assigned remote entity ID integer | |
| remote_entity_id remote_ip_address | value and its associated remote IP address and | NATIVE_CFDP |
| remote_port | remote port. Multiple remote entity ID entries | WHITE_CIDI |
| | are supported by the CFDP library. | |
| | The lifespan is the bundle's "time to live" | |
| | (TTL) in seconds. The bundle is destroyed if | |
| 11.0 | its TTL has expired and it has not reached its | ION CEDD |
| lifespan | destination. Minimum value is 1, maximum | ION_CFDP |
| | value is 2,147,483,647 and the default value is | |
| | 86400. | |
| | The BP class of service defines the | |
| | transmission priority of outbound bundles | |
| | from three ION priority queues corresponding | |
| | to bulk, standard and expedited priorities. The | |
| | three BP class of service parameter values are | |
| | | |
| ha dee of comice | BULK_PRIORITY, STD_PRIORITY and | ION CEDD |
| bp_class_of_service | EXPEDITED_PRIORITY. The expedited | ION_CFDP |
| | priority queue must be empty before bundles | |
| | in the standard or bulk queues are serviced by | |
| | ION. Therefore, bundles with | |
| | EXPEDITED_PRIORITY should only be sent | |
| | in critical/emergency situations. The default | |
| | value is STD_PRIORITY. | |
| | The expedited priority ordinal is only | |
| expedited_priority_ordinal | associated with the EXPEDITED_PRIORITY | |
| | class of service. Ordinal values range from 0 | ION_CFDP |
| | (lowest priority) to 254 (highest priority). The | _ |
| | default value is 0. | |
| | The transmission mode defines the reliability | |
| transmission_mode | of bundle delivery to a destination. The three | |
| | | ION CEDD |
| | transmission mode parameter values are | ION_CFDP |
| | BEST_EFFORT, ASSURED and | |
| | ASSURED_WITH_CUSTODY_TRANSFER. | <u> </u> |

| | DEGE EFFORM 1: 1 1 1 1 | |
|------------------------------------|---|----------|
| | BEST_EFFORT relies upon the underlying | |
| | convergence-layer protocol (e.g., | |
| | Transmission Control Protocol or TCP) to | |
| | retransmit missing bundles. ASSURED is a | |
| | step up in reliability and includes BP support | |
| | in detecting a lost TCP connection and re- | |
| | forwarding of bundles assumed aborted by the | |
| | convergence-layer protocol failure. | |
| | ASSURED_WITH_CUSTODY_TRANSFER | |
| | requires the reception, by the sending node, of | |
| | a custody acceptance or refusal signal | |
| | (packaged in a bundle) from the receiving | |
| | node. The default value is ASSURED. | |
| | A critical bundle is one that has to reach its | |
| | destination as soon as is physically possible. | |
| | For this reason, bundles flagged as critical | |
| | may not include custody transfer and require | |
| | an ION configuration with contact graph | |
| | | |
| | routing. In some cases, a critical bundle may | ION CEDD |
| criticality | be sent over multiple routes to ensure delivery | ION_CFDP |
| | to its final destination. Critical bundles are | |
| | placed in the expedited priority queue and | |
| | should only be used in emergency situations. | |
| | The two criticality parameters are | |
| | NOT_CRITICAL and CRITICAL. The | |
| | default value is NOT_CRITICAL. | |
| | The support transaction result boolean enables | |
| | the generation and transmission of a CFDP | |
| | transaction result message to the source node. | |
| | If the source node receives the transaction | |
| | result message within a designated time | |
| | window, it will update its transaction status | |
| | with the transaction result (e.g., success or | |
| support_transaction_result_message | fail). If the support transaction result boolean | |
| | is set to "true" and the result message is not | |
| | received within a designated time window, the | ION CEDD |
| | source node's transaction status is set to | ION_CFDP |
| | "unknown". If this boolean is set to "false" | |
| | and the source node did not experience any | |
| | problems while transmitting the CFDP | |
| | transaction request, the final transaction status | |
| | is set to "finished". This capability is only | |
| | supported by the TReK CFDP library. | |
| | Therefore, the TReK CFDP library software | |
| | must be running on both the source and | |
| | destination nodes. The default value is true. | |
| | desimation nodes. The default value is title. | |

| transaction_result_message_timeout | The transaction result message timeout is the length of time, in seconds, the TReK CFDP library will wait for a transaction result message prior to setting the final status of the transaction to "unknown". Choosing the proper transaction result message timeout is problematic. ION CFDP processes CFDP transactions sequentially so careful considerations must be made when setting this value. If a large number of files are being uplinked and downlinked simultaneously, a larger timeout value may be necessary. In addition, the timeout value should include LOS windows if the file transfer will span LOS periods (the result message timer is not paused during an LOS). Too small a value will unnecessarily set the final status of a transaction to "unknown", too large a value will introduce an unnecessary wait prior to setting the final status of the transaction to "unknown" if a final status message is never received. It is best to choose too large a value versus too small a value. Minimum value is 1, maximum value is 2,147,483,647 and the default value is 300. | ION_CFDP |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| display_console_menu | The display console menu boolean controls displaying the console command primitive menu during startup of the console application. The default value is true. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| display_error_messages | The display error messages boolean controls displaying error messages by the CFDP GUI and console applications. If "true", error messages are displayed by the CFDP GUI or console applications. The default value is true. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| display_warning_messages | The display warning messages boolean controls displaying warning messages by the CFDP GUI and console applications. If "true", warning messages are displayed by the CFDP GUI and console applications. The default value is false. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| display_info_messages | The display info messages boolean controls displaying information messages by the CFDP GUI and console applications. If "true", information messages are displayed by the CFDP GUI and console applications. The default value is true. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |

| display_progress_messages | The display progress messages boolean controls displaying progress messages by the CFDP GUI and console applications. If "true", progress messages are displayed by the CFDP GUI and console applications. The default value is false. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| display_debug_messages | The display debug messages boolean controls displaying debug messages by the CFDP GUI and console applications. If "true", debug messages are displayed by the CFDP GUI applications. The default value is false. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| default_remote_entity_id | The default remote entity ID is used by the CFDP GUI application to save a default value for the remote EID. The default value is blank. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| default_destination_command_line | The default destination command line is used by the CFDP GUI application to save a selected default command line destination path from the list of default destination paths. The default value is blank. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| default_destination_command_list | The default destination command list is used by the CFDP GUI application to save a selected default command list destination path from the list of default destination paths. The default value is blank. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| default_destination_path | The default destination path is used by the CFDP GUI application to save the list of default destination paths. The default value is blank. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |
| gui_command_line_primitive | Used by the CFDP GUI application to save the command line primitive. The default value is blank. | NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP |

Table 4 TReK CFDP Configuration File Parameters

5.2 How to Create a CFDP Dropbox

This section describes how to create a CFDP dropbox. The CFDP console application may be configured to create a CFDP dropbox by including a "dropbox" primitive in the TReK CFDP configuration file. One or more "dropbox" primitives may be added to the "Primitive" section of the configuration file. The "dropbox" primitive is not supported by the CFDP console application's command line interface.

Acceptable formats of the "dropbox" primitive string for native CFDP are as follows:

- dropbox <class1/class2> <"dropbox path"> <dest EID> <"dest path"> <retry limit> </"">
 (e.g., dropbox class2 "/home/user/dropbox_dest1" 200 "/home/user/dest1" 1 "")

The dropbox primitive for native CFDP includes class 1 or class 2 service, the dropbox path, the destination entity ID, the destination path, the retry limit and the successful transaction path. The retry limit defines the number of additional attempts at transferring a file before declaring the transaction unsuccessful. The successful transaction path is the path to the directory where successfully transferred files are stored upon completion of a transaction. If the successful transaction path is empty, as shown in the second example, the dropbox will delete the file if the file is successfully transferred to its destination. For class 1 service, files are simply moved or deleted from the dropbox directory when the transaction has completed the number of retry attempts.

Acceptable formats of the "dropbox" primitive string for ION CFDP are as follows:

- dropbox <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"dropbox path"> <dest EID> <"dest
 path"> <retry limit> <" successful transaction path ">
 (e.g., dropbox 86400/STD_PRIORITY/0/ASSURED/NOT_CRITICAL
 "/home/user/dropbox_dest1/" 200 "/home/user/dest1/" 0 "/home/user/success/")
- dropbox //// <"dropbox path"> <dest ID> <"dest path"> <retry limit> <"">
 (e.g., dropbox ///ASSURED/ "/home/user/db_dest1/" 200 "/home/user/dest1/" 0 "")
- dropbox / <"dropbox path"> <dest EID> <"dest path"> <retry limit> <"">
 (e.g., dropbox / "/home/user/dropbox dest1" 100 "D:/dropbox dest1" 0 "")

The dropbox primitive for ION CFDP is identical to native CFDP except "class1" or "class2" is replaced by the ION CFDP parameter values in the TReK CFDP configuration file (TTL, priority, mode and criticality) if the values were not specified in the primitive string. Another important distinction between ION and native CFDP dropboxes is associated with the retry limit. An ION CFDP dropbox ignores the retry limit value in the dropbox primitive and resets the value to zero in the TReK CFDP library. There are two important reasons why the ION CFDP dropbox does not attempt to retransmit failed CFDP transactions:

- 1. ION CFDP uses the original filename when populating the destination file. Any attempt to retransmit a file must also include a "delete" filestore directive to ensure no file with the original filename exists at the destination.
- 2. If transaction result messages are being processed and an incorrect "transaction_result_message_timeout" is chosen, a successfully transferred file will be incorrectly deleted.

If transaction result messages are not being processed by the TReK ION CFDP library (i.e., class 1 service), files are simply moved or deleted from the dropbox directory when the transaction has completed the transfer from the dropbox.

Dropbox files are renamed with a ".dropbox" extension while they are being processed by the dropbox. If a dropbox fails to successfully transfer a file to the destination directory, a class 2 native CFDP dropbox will initiate additional transfer attempts up to the "retry limit" designated in the dropbox primitive. A class 1 native CFDP dropbox will blindly repeat the file transfer up to the "retry limit". If the final status message of a file transaction identifies an unsuccessful file transfer, the file is renamed with an ".unsuccessful" extension. If the CFDP library fails to receive the final status of a file transaction, the file is renamed with an ".unknown" extension. If an error occurred during the file transfer, the file is renamed with a ".droperror" extension. Only successfully transferred files are moved or deleted from the dropbox directory.

5.3 How to Turn on Message Logging

This section describes how to log messages to a file. Message Logging will only capture messages generated after Message Logging is turned on. Any messages generated before message logging was turned on will not appear in the log.

- 1. Launch the CFDP console application and enter the log command primitive as follows: log <"pathname"> < log debug messages (true or false)>
- 2. The log command primitive includes:
 - a. A pathname with the path to the directory of the log file as well as the name for the log file.
 - b. A true or false Boolean identifying whether debug messages are written to the log file.

Alternatively, the CFDP console application may be configured to log messages using the log parameters found in the TReK CFDP configuration file. These parameters include:

- 1. log_messages_in_file
- 2. log_debug_messages
- 3. log_file_path
- 4. log file name

Defintions for each of these TReK CFDP configuration file parameters may be found in section 5.1 Table 4.

5.4 How to Turn on Statistics Logging

This section describes how to record a snapshot of device and packet statistics to a user specified file. The snapshot of device and packet statistics is updated once a second with current statistics information at both the device and packet level. Device statistics provides information on all packets that are being received or sent by the device. Packet

statistics provides information on the individual packet groups that are being received or sent by the device. The TReK CFDP library does not divide packets into groups so packet statistics mirror device statistics.

- 1. Launch the CFDP console application and enter the statistics command primitive as follows: stat <"pathname">
- 2. The statistics command primitive includes:
 - a. A pathname with the path to the directory of the statistics file as well as the name for the statistics file.

Alternatively, the CFDP console application may be configured to record a snapshot of statistics using the record statistics parameters found in the TReK CFDP configuration file. These parameters include:

- 1. record_stat_snapshot_in_file
- 2. record_packet_statistics
- 3. record_stat_file_path
- 4. record_stat_file_name

Definitions for each of these TReK CFDP configuration file parameters may be found in section 5.1 Table 4.

Table 5 identifies and describes the device statistics parameters. Note, ION CFDP relies upon the bundle protocol to assure delivery of file segments therefore, device and packet statistics are not relevant.

| Device Statistics Parameter | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Davias Vav | A character string that uniquely |
| Device Key | identifies each device. |
| IP Address | The IP address of the device if it is a |
| IF Address | socket. |
| | The port number of the device if it is |
| | a socket. If the socket is a client |
| | socket then the port number will be |
| | followed by two '/'. If the client |
| | socket is connected to a listener |
| | socket, the listener's port number is |
| Port (C/L/S) | also listed. If the socket is a server |
| Tolt (C/L/S) | socket then the client port number |
| | that is connected to the server is |
| | listed first, followed by two '/' and |
| | the server's listener port number. If |
| | the socket is a listener socket the |
| | listener's port number is listed |
| | between two '/'. |
| Protocol | The IP transportation protocol, |

| | either TCP or UDP, if the device is a socket. |
|--------------------|--|
| Segments Rcvd | The number of segments received by the device if the device is a TCP socket. |
| Pkts Rcvd | The total number of packets received by the device. |
| Pkts Sent | The total number of packets sent by the device. |
| Pkt Rcv Rate | The number of packets received by the device in the last second. |
| Max Pkt Rcv Rate | The maximum packet receive rate experienced by the device. |
| Kbit Rcv Rate | The number of kilobits received by the device in the last second. |
| Max Kbit Rcv Rate | The maximum kilobit receive rate experienced by the device. |
| Pkt Send Rate | The number of packets sent by the device in the last second. |
| Max Pkt Send Rate | The maximum packet send rate experienced by the device. |
| Kbit Send Rate | The number of kilobits sent by the device in the last second. |
| Max Kbit Send Rate | The maximum kilobit send rate experienced by the device. |
| Pkts Dropped | The total number of packets that were dropped because they could not be temporarily stored in a queue or buffer. The most likely cause of dropped packets is packets arriving at very high packet rates and/or a queue size that is too small. |

Table 5 Device Statistics

Table 6 identifies and describes the packet statistics parameters for a device.

| Packet Statistics Parameter | Description |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Packet Key | A character string that uniquely |
| Facket Key | identifies each packet type. |
| | The total number of packets that are |
| Pkts Rcvd | received and identified as this packet |
| | type. |
| | The total number of packets that are |
| Pkts Sent | sent and identified as this packet |
| | type. |

| Pkt Rcv Rate | The number of packets received and identified as this packet type in the last second. |
|--------------------|---|
| Max Pkt Rcv Rate | The maximum packet receive rate experienced by this packet type. |
| Kbit Rcv Rate | The number of kilobits received and identified as this packet type in the last second. |
| Max Kbit Rcv Rate | The maximum kilobit receive rate experienced by this packet type. |
| Pkt Send Rate | The number of packets of this packet type sent in the last second. |
| Max Pkt Send Rate | The maximum packet send rate experienced by this packet type. |
| Kbit Send Rate | The number of kilobits of this packet type sent in the last second. |
| Max Kbit Send Rate | The maximum kilobit send rate experienced by this packet type. |
| Pkts Dropped | The total number of packets, of this type, that were dropped because they could not be processed by another device. The most likely cause of dropped packets is packets arriving at very high packet rates. |
| Pkt Seq Errors | The total number of packet sequence errors identified for this packet type. For example, the primary header of the CCSDS packet contains a 14-bit number that is used as a sequence count. For each packet that arrives, the sequence count is compared to the sequence count of the previous packet. If the count is not the next in the sequence, the packet sequence error value is incremented. |
| Max Pkt Seq Error | The maximum packet sequence error experienced by this packet type. |

Table 6 Packet Statistics

5.5 How to Turn on Metrics Logging

This section describes how to record a snapshot of CFDP metrics to a user specified file. The snapshot of CFDP metrics is updated once a second with the completion status of each CFDP transaction. The CFDP metrics are divided into sending and receiving

categories and grouped by file size ranging from less than a one megabyte to over a gigabyte. The metrics include calculations on the number and percent of files sent or received, the minimum, maximum, and average file transfer time and the number and percent of files that required packet retransmission.

- 1. Launch the CFDP console application and enter the metrics command primitive as follows: metric <"pathname">
- 2. The metrics command primitive includes:
 - a. A pathname with the path to the directory of the metrics file as well as the name for the metrics file.

Alternatively, the CFDP console application may be configured to record a snapshot of metrics using the record metrics parameters found in the TReK CFDP configuration file. These parameters include:

- 1. record_cfdp_metrics_snapshot_in_file
- 2. record_cfdp_metrics_file_path
- 3. record_cfdp_metrics_file_name

Definitions for each of these TReK CFDP configuration file parameters may be found in section 5.1 Table 4.

Table 7 identifies and describes the CFDP metrics parameters. Note, ION CFDP relies upon the bundle protocol to assure delivery of file segments therefore, NAK metrics are not relevant.

| CFDP Metrics Parameter | Description |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Eilo Sigo (MD) | The minimum and maximum file |
| File Size (MB) | size, in megabytes, for the group. |
| Success Count | The number of successful file |
| Success Count | transfers for the group. |
| Cuanas 0/ | The percentage of successful file |
| Success % | transfers for the group. |
| Canaal Count | The number of canceled file |
| Cancel Count | transfers for the group. |
| Abandon Count | The number of abandoned file |
| Abandon Count | transfers for the group. |
| Fail Count | The number of failed file transfers |
| Tan Count | for the group. |
| Unknown Count | The number of unknown file |
| Chknown Count | transfers for the group. |
| Min Trans Time (see) | The minimum successful file |
| Min Trans Time (sec) | transfer time in seconds. |
| May Trans Time (see) | The maximum successful file |
| Max Trans Time (sec) | transfer time in seconds. |
| Ava Trans Time (see) | The average successful file transfer |
| Avg Trans Time (sec) | time in seconds. |

| | The number of successful file |
|---------------------|--|
| Success W/ NAK Cnt | transfers that required one or more |
| | NAK packets. |
| | The percentage of successful file |
| Success W/ NAK % | transfers that required one or more |
| | NAK packets. |
| | The minimum number of NAK |
| Min NAK CNT/Trans | packets that had to be transferred for |
| Min NAK CN 1/1 rans | a successful file transfer requiring |
| | NAK packets. |
| | The maximum number of NAK |
| Max NAK Cnt/Trans | packets that had to be transferred for |
| Max NAK Cni/ Irans | a successful file transfer requiring |
| | NAK packets. |
| Avg NAK Cnt/Trans | The average number of NAK |
| | packets that had to be transferred for |
| | a successful file transfer requiring |
| | NAK packets. |

Table 7 CFDP Metrics

6 Details

This section covers various application details.

6.1 Configuration

The CFDP console application may be configured to hide or not display all console application messages by setting the "display" parameters to false. This configuration might be preferable if running as a flight application.

The GUI and default parameters referenced in the configuration file are applicable to the TReK CFDP GUI application and are ignored by the TReK CFDP console application.

The configuration file "support_cfdp_status_requests" parameter should be set to "false" to disable actively monitoring transactions with the TReK CFDP library's transaction monitoring functions. The TReK CFDP console application does not actively monitor transactions but example code that actively monitors transactions may be found in the TReK CFDP library examples.

The console application may initialize its list of primitives by adding them to the configuration file. Alternatively, the primitive lists may be initialized using the "process" command primitive in the console application.

6.2 Transaction

The CFDP console application uses the TReK CFDP library and TReK Device Service library to provide CFDP functionality. The CFDP console application's ION CFDP mode may be configured to send a final transaction result message (e.g., success or fail) to the source by setting the "support_transaction_result_message" flag in the console application's configuration file (see section 5.1 Table 4). Detailed information about CFDP transactions may be found in the TReK CFDP library's on-line help documentation.

6.3 Messages and Message Logging

The CFDP console application generates a variety of messages throughout the file transfer activity. The messages are categorized by their message severity. Message categories include error messages, warning messages, information messages, progress messages and debug messages. Progress messages provide transaction status information including the size of the file, bytes transferred, percentage complete and transaction state (e.g., sending, receiving, suspend, resume...). Information messages include information on the start of a transaction as well the success or failure of the transaction. The console application may display error, warning, information, progress and debug messages. The display of these messages is controlled by the "display" parameters in the configuration file. The console application may also be configured to log messages. Message logging is controlled by the "log" command primitive or parameters in the configuration file. Logging may be configured to include or exclude debug messages. When logging is turned off using the "stop log" command primitive, the log file name is prepended with a time tag to produce a unique log file name.

7 FAQ and Troubleshooting

This section addresses Frequently Asked Questions and provides tips for troubleshooting common gotchas.

7.1 Is There an Easy Way to Transfer the Contents of a Directory?

Yes. To transfer the contents of a directory, enter the absolute path to the directory. The CFDP application will transfer all the files in the first level of the directory. Subdirectories will not be transferred. Be sure to include a forward slash '/' at the end of the directory path when entering the absolute path into the Source and Destination fields.

7.2 What is class1 and class2?

Class1 and class2 are transmission properties used with Native CFDP. Note: Special thanks to NASA/GSFC for the following user friendly definitions:

"CFDP provides three **Service Classes**. Service **Class 1** simply sends each file; there are no replies from the receiver, nor is there any guarantee of reliable delivery. Service **Class 2** ensures reliable file delivery; any required retransmissions are requested and

performed by CFDP. Service **Class 3** provides **Proxy Operations** (e.g. Entity 'A' tells Entity 'B' to make a request of Entity 'C')."

The TReK CFDP application supports Class 1 and Class 2 when configured for Native CFDP. When typing in one of these choices please use **class1** and **class2**.

7.3 What is "///"?

"///" is a value used to designate the default set of transmission properties defined in the Configure dialog for ION CFDP. "/" can also be used. When configured for ION CFDP, transmission properties are specified using the Configure dialog and will apply to all CFDP transactions. For more information about transmission properties please reference section 5.1 Table 4.

7.4 Source and Destination Constraints

Source and Destinations must be identified using an absolute path. The absolute path name consists of the full path and the file name. The absolute path must meet the following criteria:

- The absolute path cannot exceed 256 characters (null terminated).
- The size of the file to be transferred must be greater than 0 Bytes.
- ➤ The size of the file to be transferred cannot exceed 4.2 Giga Bytes in Native CFDP.
- The size of the file to be transferred cannot exceed 2.1 Giga Bytes in ION CFDP.

7.5 My File Starts to Transfer and Then Stops

Chances are the remote entity is unavailable or is not configured as you expected. Check both the Local and Remote entity configurations and ensure the EIDs are correct, the IP address and port information is correct, and both entities are up and running.

7.6 Transfer Results When Item Exists At Destination

Transfer results when an item exists at a destination differ based on configuration.

When configured for Native CFDP

If you attempt to "put" an item to a destination and the item already exists at the destination, you will see a "cancelled (Filestore rejection)" error message and the existing item will not be overwritten.

When configured for ION CFDP

If you attempt to "put" an item to a destination and the item already exists at the destination, you will see a "failed" error message and the existing item will not be overwritten.

7.7 Important Things To Know When Using The Get Primitive

The TReK CFDP software provides the capability to "get" or retrieve one or more files from a remote destination. It is important to note that the CFDP Blue Book describes implementation of a "get" as a proxy "put". TReK Native CFDP implements the CFDP Blue Book defined proxy "put" function using proxy request and response messages. TReK ION CFDP does not implement proxy "put" function using proxy request and response messages. In addition, the "get" directive is not supported in all ISS CFDP Native and ION implementations. Therefore, the "get" request will only succeed if both sides of the file delivery transaction are using TReK software. The TReK ION CFDP "get" function initiates the file transfer process by delivering an equivalent "put" primitive character string to the remote platform's CFDP software using a "get" request message. In addition, a "get" response message is generated providing transaction status information to the initiator. There is an error scenario in which the initiator of the ION CFDP "get" receives no feedback. If an ION CFDP "get" request message or "get" response message never reaches its target platform, the initiator will receive no status describing the result of the "get" request.

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7.8 How Does Suspend Transactions Work?

When configured for Native CFDP

CFDP suspending transactions by suspending both data transmission and timeout clocks associated with the local platform's file transfer transactions. The remote platform is not notified of the suspension of file transfer transactions on the local platform and may exceed its timeout limits if the local platform does not resume its file transfer transactions for an extended period of time. If the local file transfer suspension is for an extended period of time, the remote platforms should receive a separate suspend transaction command to avoid exceeding its timeout limits. Both platforms may resume file transfer transactions when they receive separate resume file transfer transaction commands.

When configured for ION CFDP

The ION CFDP application completes its file transfer responsibilities when it hands off to ION's BP application. The handoff may be relatively quick depending on the size of the file. The suspend transaction request will not suspend a file's transfer after the ION CFDP application hands off a transaction to ION's BP application. The suspend transaction request does not affect ION CFDP file reception. The lifespan of the packet bundles must also be considered when suspending for an extended period of time.

7.9 CFDP Transactions in an AOS/LOS Environment

Maintaining CFDP transactions across extended LOS periods is problematic. ION CFDP solves this issue by relying on DTN's store and forward infrastructure. A contact plan that predicts AOS/LOS periods may be used to support ION CFDP transactions between a flight node and a ground node if the two nodes are communicating directly with each other. If the ION CFDP transaction communication path includes the Huntsville Operations Support Center (HOSC) DTN2 node, the DTN2 node will store

and forward the ION CFDP transaction during AOS/LOS periods. Native CFDP is not supported by an underlying store and forward DTN infrastructure. A user must configure timeouts or manually suspend and resume CFDP at both ends of a transaction to maintain the transaction across an LOS period. The TReK CFDP library solves this native CFDP issue by providing an automatic suspend and resume capability during LOS and AOS periods. When the TReK CFDP library senses an LOS event, it automatically suspends all CFDP transactions. When the TReK CFDP library senses an AOS event, it automatically resumes all CFDP transactions. TReK identifies AOS and LOS events by sending and receiving a four byte connectivity packet over a predefined UDP socket. TReK's automatic suspend and resume design maintains native CFDP transactions across multiple LOS periods without adjusting timeout values or requiring user intervention. If new CFDP transactions are requested during an LOS period, the pending transaction requests are placed in a queue and are submitted to the TReK CFDP library at the beginning of the next AOS period. The automatic suspend and resume parameters in the TReK CFDP configuration file configure and control TReK's automatic suspend and resume feature. For more information about automatic suspend and resume parameters please reference section 5.1 Table 4.